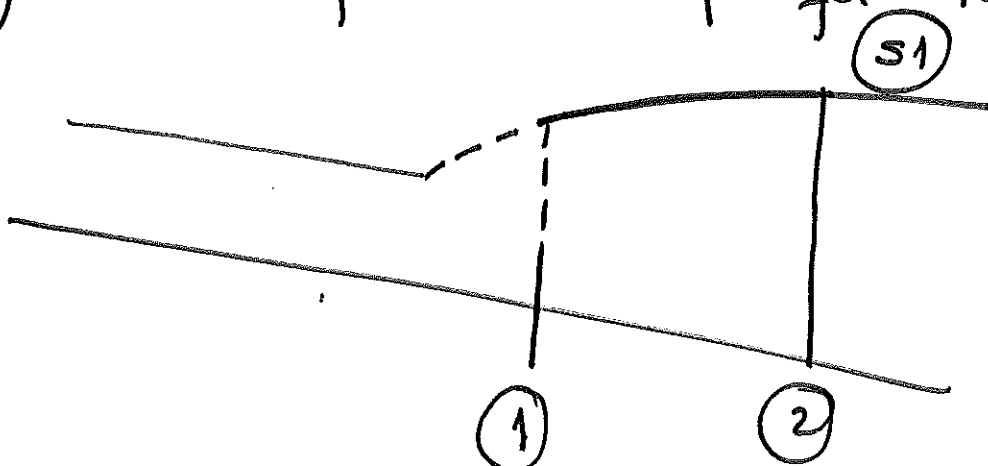


# Hydraulic Performance Graph for Steep-slope channel.



$$E_1 = E_2 + h_f \quad \text{Known}$$

$$f(y) = E_2 - \underbrace{E_1}_{\text{Known}} + \underbrace{\bar{S}_f \Delta X}_2 \quad \text{Positive}$$

$$\bar{S}_f = \frac{S_{f1} + S_{f2}}{2}$$

$$E_2 = Y_2 + Z_2 + \frac{V_2^2}{2g}$$

$$\frac{df}{dy} = \left( 1 + 0 + \frac{d}{dy} \left( \frac{V_2^2}{2g} \right) \right) + \frac{d S_{f2}}{dy} \frac{\Delta X}{2}$$

$$\frac{d}{dy} \left( \frac{V_2^2}{2g} \right) = - \frac{Q^2 T_2}{g A_2^3}$$

$$\frac{d S_{f2}}{dy} = \frac{Q^2 n^2}{K_s^2} \frac{d}{dy} \left[ P^{4/3} A^{-10/3} \right]$$

See  $\frac{d}{dy} ( )$  for subcritical flow.

# HPG Supercritical flow

## Threshold discharge $Q_s$

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①A

The threshold discharge  $Q_s$  is the discharge for which the channel slope is critical.

$$Q_s \quad (Y_n = Y_c)$$

$$\frac{Q^2 T}{g A^3} = 1 \quad \text{... ① (critical depth)}$$

$$\text{①} = \text{②}$$

$$\frac{g A^3}{T} = \frac{k_s^2}{n^2} A^2 R^{4/3} S_0$$

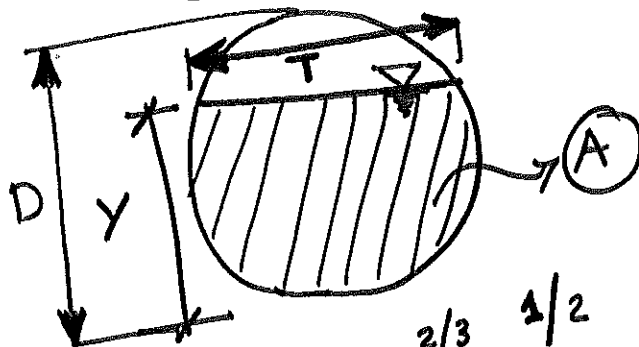
$$\frac{R^{4/3} T}{A} = \frac{g n^2}{k_s^2 S_0} \quad \text{... ③}$$

Known

$$f = \frac{R^{4/3} T}{A} - \frac{g n^2}{k_s^2 S_0}$$

$$\frac{df}{dy} = \frac{A \frac{d(R^{4/3} T)}{dy} - R^{4/3} T \frac{dA}{dy}}{A^2}$$

$$\frac{df}{dy} = \frac{A \left[ R^{4/3} \frac{dT}{dy} + T \left( \frac{4}{3} \right) R^{1/3} \frac{dR}{dy} \right] - R^{4/3} T \frac{dA}{dy}}{A^2}$$



$$Q = \frac{k_s}{n} A R^{2/3} S^{1/2}$$

$$Q^2 = \frac{k_s^2}{n^2} A^2 R^{4/3} S \quad \text{... ②}$$

$$A = f(Y, d_0)$$

$$R = f(Y, d_0)$$

$$T = f(Y, d_0)$$

$$dA = T dy$$

$$\frac{dA}{dy} = T$$

$$T = 2\sqrt{y(d_0 - y)}$$

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$$\frac{dT}{dy} = 2 [y(d_0 - y)]^{-1/2} (d_0 - 2y)$$

In (\*)

$$\frac{R^{4/3} T}{A} = \frac{\rho n^2}{k_s^2 S_0}$$

$$R = \frac{A}{P}$$

$$\frac{A^{4/3} T}{P^{4/3} A} = \frac{\rho n^2}{k_s^2 S_0} \rightarrow \frac{A^{1/3} T}{P^{4/3}} = \frac{\rho n^2}{k_s^2 S_0}$$

New  $f = \frac{A^{1/3} T}{P^{4/3}} - \underbrace{\frac{\rho n^2}{k_s^2 S_0}}_{\text{constant}}$

$$\frac{df}{dy} = \frac{P^{4/3} d(A^{1/3} T)}{dy} - A^{1/3} T \left( \frac{4}{3} P^{-1/3} \right) \frac{dP}{dy}$$

$$\frac{df}{dy} = \frac{P^{4/3}}{P^{1/3}} \left[ A^{1/3} \frac{dT}{dy} + T \left( \frac{1}{3} \right) A^{-2/3} \left( \frac{dA}{dy} \right) \right] - A^{1/3} T \left( \frac{4}{3} \frac{P^{1/3}}{P^{1/3}} \right) \frac{dP}{dy}$$

$P^{8/3} / P^{1/3}$

$$\frac{dP}{dy} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1 - \left(1 - \frac{2y}{d_0}\right)^2}}$$

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$$\frac{df}{dy} = \frac{PA^{1/3} \frac{dT}{dy} + \frac{1}{3} T^2 A^{-2/3} - \frac{4}{3} A^{+1/3} T \frac{dP}{dy}}{P^{7/3}}$$

