

Florida International University
CWR 3201 Fluid Mechanics, Fall 2019
Final Exam

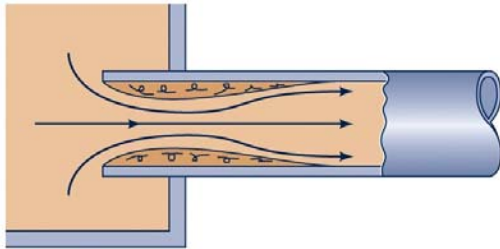
Instructor: Arturo S. Leon, Ph.D., P.E., D.WRE
TA: Mohammad R. Safaei, Ph.D.

Student Name: _____

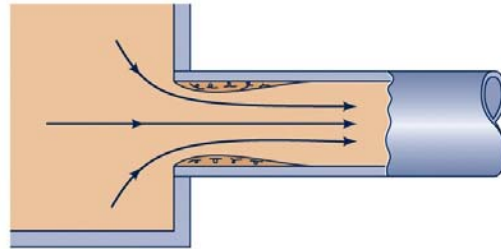
Panther ID _____

- ✓ You will have 2 hours to complete the exam. The exam is closed book and closed notes
- ✓ Only one page (front and back) with handwritten equations are allowed (no photocopies or artificially reduced text will be allowed)
- ✓ No cell phones or any type of communication device will be allowed.

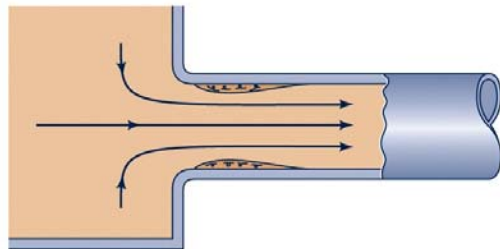
1. (5 points) Four different entrance flow conditions are presented below. Which one of the five options correctly lists the local loss coefficient (K) of the four entrance flow conditions **from the largest to smallest**?
- a. (b)-(c)-(d)-(e)
 - b. (a)-(b)-(c)-(d)
 - c. (d)-(b)-(c)-(a)
 - d. (d)-(c)-(b)-(a)
 - e. (a)-(c)-(d)-(b)



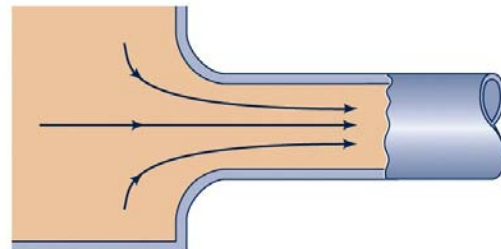
(a)



(b)

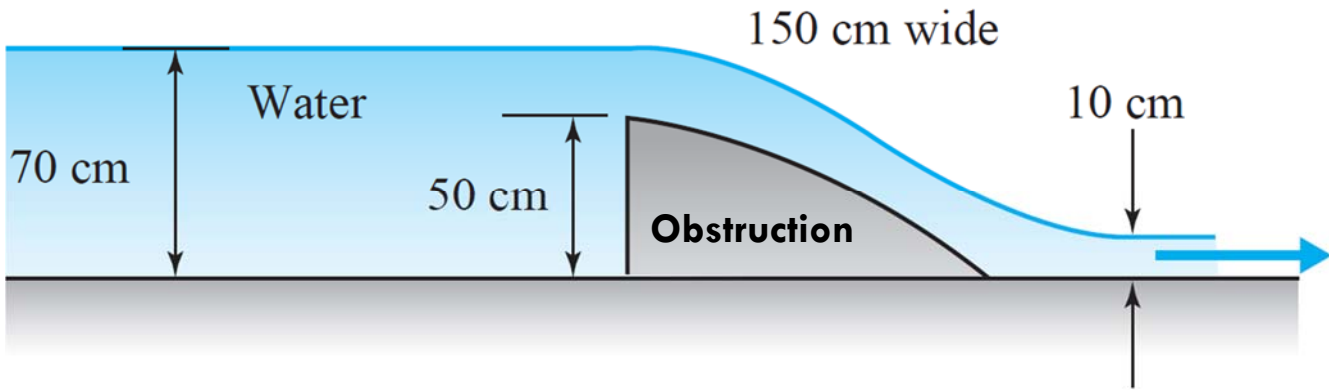


(c)

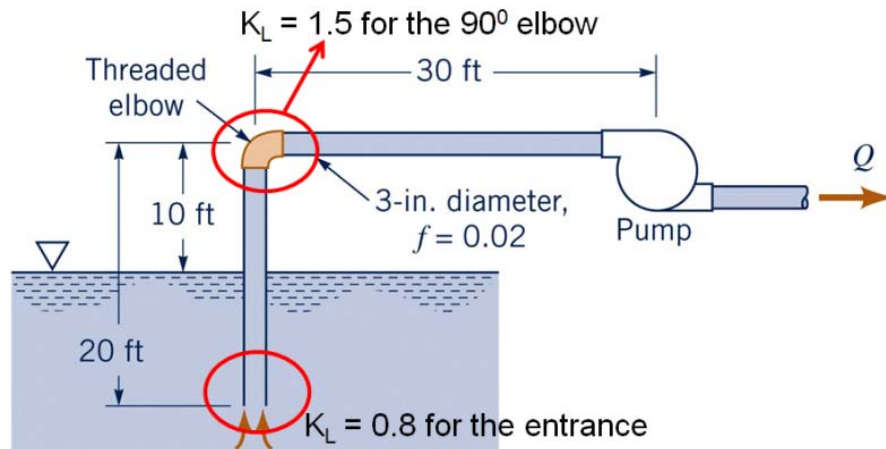


(d)

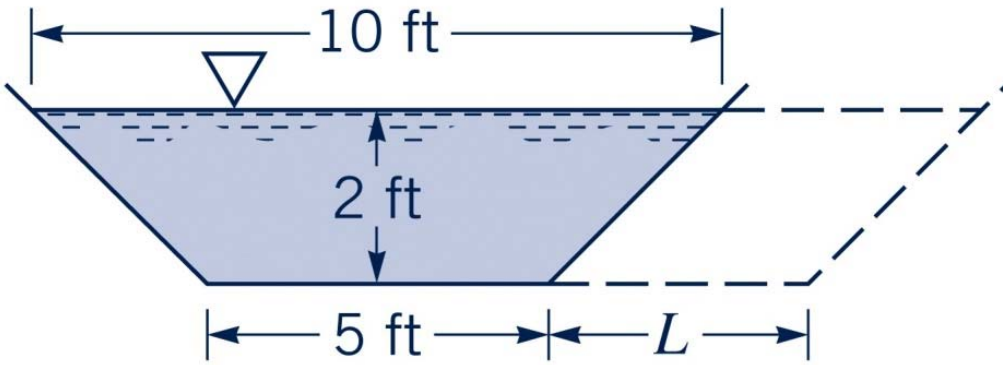
2. (20 points) **Neglecting viscous effects** and assuming uniform velocity profiles, find the horizontal force component acting on the obstruction shown in the figure below. Note that the channel width is 150 cm.



3. (20 points) Water at 40°F is pumped from a lake as shown in the figure below. Consider that the atmospheric pressure is 14.7 psi (absolute) and the vapor pressure at 40°F is 0.127 psi (absolute). Also, consider that $f = 0.02$, $K = 1.5$ for the 90° elbow and $K = 0.8$ for the pipe entrance. What is the maximum flowrate possible without cavitation occurring? Assume that the specific weight of water is $\gamma_w = 62.4 \text{ lb/ft}^3$

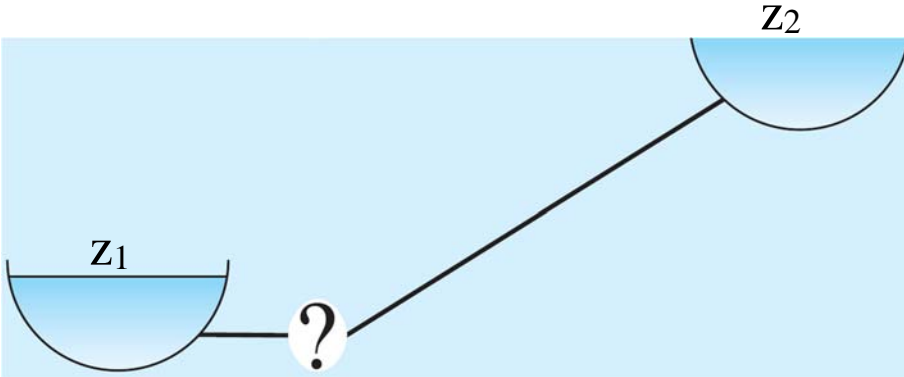


4. (20 points) The canal shown in the figure below is to be widened so that it can carry twice the amount of water. Determine the additional width, L , required if all other parameters (i.e., flow depth, bottom slope, surface material, side slope) are to remain the same.



5. (20 points) Water is pumped between two reservoirs in a pipeline with the following characteristics: $D = 300$ mm, $L = 70$ m, $f = 0.025$, $\Sigma K = 2.5$. The radial-flow pump characteristic curve is approximated by the formula $H_P = 22.9 + 10.7Q - 111Q^2$, where H_P is in meters and Q is in m^3/s .

If $z_2 - z_1 = 74$ m, and the minimum required flow discharge is $0.20 \text{ m}^3/\text{s}$, determine the minimum number of pumps you would use. Would you use pumps in parallel or in series? Justify your answer.



6. (15 points) The initial pressure in the gasoline tank below right before acceleration is $p = 20$ kPa. What is the force of the gasoline acting on the 4-cm-diameter plug when the tank is accelerated at the rate of $\mathbf{a} = 5$ m/s². The density of gasoline is 680 kg/m³ ($S = 0.68$).

