

EGM 5346

4/7/99

DIFFERENCE EQNS : example $y' = 5 - 5y = f(x, y)$

$$y'_i = 5 - 5y_i \Rightarrow y'_i + 5y_i = 5$$

$$y_i = Ce^{-5x_i}$$

$$\frac{y_{i+1} - y_i}{\Delta x} = 5 - 5y_i$$

$$y_{ip} = D; 5D = 5; D = 1$$

$$y_{i+1} + y_i(5\Delta x - 1) = 5\Delta x$$

$$y_{ip} = C = y_{i+1p} \Rightarrow C = 1 = y_{ip}$$

HOMOG: $y_{i+1} + y_i(5\Delta x - 1) = 0$

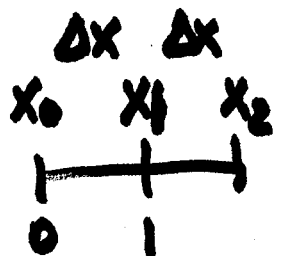
$$y_i = C\beta^i \Rightarrow C\beta^i[\beta + (5\Delta x - 1)] = 0$$

$$\beta = (1 - 5\Delta x)$$

$$y_i = C(1 - 5\Delta x)^i$$

$$e = \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} (1 + \epsilon)^{1/\epsilon}$$

$$\frac{x_i}{i} = \Delta x$$



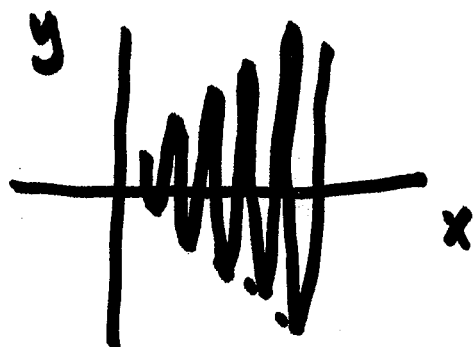
$$y_i = \underbrace{8(1 - 5 \frac{x_i}{i})^{\frac{i}{5x_i}}}_{i} \cdot -5x_i$$

x_i is fixed
 $\Delta x \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow i \rightarrow \infty$

$$= 8e^{-5x_i} \text{ when } i \rightarrow \infty$$

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$$\sqrt{1+\epsilon} \approx 1 + \frac{1}{2}\epsilon$$



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$$y'' = f(x, y)$$

$$y' = p$$

$$y'' = p' = f(x, y, p)$$

$$y' = g(x, y, p)$$

$$p' = h(x, y, p)$$

$$\begin{aligned} y' &\rightarrow x' \\ p' &\rightarrow y' \end{aligned}$$

$$g(x, y, p) = p$$

$$h(x, y, p) = g(t, x, y)$$

$$y' = 5 - 5y_i$$

$$y' = \frac{y_{i+1} - y_{i-1}}{2\Delta x} = 5 - 5y_i$$

$$y_{i+1} + 10\Delta x y_i - y_{i-1} = 10\Delta x$$

$$\text{if } y_{ip} = C = y_{i+1,p} = y_{i-1,p} \dots y_{ip} = C = 1$$

$$y_i = \mathcal{C} \beta^i$$

$$\mathcal{C} \beta^{i-1} [\beta^2 + 10\Delta x \beta - 1] = 0$$

$$\beta = \frac{-10\Delta x \pm \sqrt{(10\Delta x)^2 - 4(1)(-1)}}{2}$$

$$= -5\Delta x \pm \sqrt{1 + (5\Delta x)^2}$$

$$\text{using } \sqrt{1+\epsilon} \approx 1 + \frac{\epsilon}{2} + \text{h.o.t.}$$

$$= \pm \left(1 + \frac{25\Delta x^2}{2}\right) \mp 5\Delta x$$

$$= \pm 1 \mp 5\Delta x + \text{h.o.t. in } \Delta x^2$$

$$y_i = \mathcal{C}_1 \beta_1^i + \mathcal{C}_2 \beta_2^i = \mathcal{C}_1 (1 + 5\Delta x)^i (-1)^i + \mathcal{C}_2 (1 - 5\Delta x)^i$$

$$y_i \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_1 e^{+5\Delta x i} (-1)^i + \mathcal{C}_2 e^{-5\Delta x i}$$