

Module 11 – Clocked ADC with output stream – **Whole picture**

SetUp:

Init CLK, Timer0_A3, ADC, UART

Loop:

Enable Interrupts, Low Power Mode (Standby)

1

Timer0_A0 ISR
Start ADC sample on ADC CH1

2

ADC ISR
Create Output String of ADC Value
Start TX-IE

3

TX ISR
Get next char
End-Of-String?
No – RETI
Yes- Turn off TX-IE

Develop incrementally –

4 programs

Each one builds on the other

Start simple

Each one increases complexity

- RT_ADC1 – Print alphabet, 10 char/second
- RT_ADC2 – Output fixed string use TX Interrupt
- RT_ADC3 – Output strings with varying content – Sprintf
- RT_ADC4- Put whole thing together
 - TA0 Interrupt – Start ADC
 - ADC Interrupt – Create output string and start Transmit
 - TX Interrupt – Output until End-of-String

RT_ADC1 – Print alphabet, 10 chars/second

SetUp:

GPIO - Enable RED LED

Clock System – MCLK & SMCLK = 1 MHz

Timer0 - CCR0 set to 10/second

UART – 9600 Baud, No Parity, 1 Stop Bit

Loop:

Interrupt Enable, Low Power Mode 0

Timer0_A0_Interrupt:

Putchar and increment character value (timerValue)

Toggle RED LED

If (End of alphabet) Print CR, LF

Putchar:

poll until TX is empty then output char

RT_ADC1

```
21 //
22 // Working & Energia - H Watson 20180731
23 //
24 // sketch_RT_ADC1.ino
25 //*****
26 #include <msp430.h>
27
28
29 int putchar(int TxByte); // output char
30 void UARTSetup (void);
31
32 volatile unsigned char timerValue=0x41 ; // Upper
33
34
35 int main(void)
36 {
37     WDTCTL = WDTPW | WDTHOLD;
38
39     // Configure GPIO Setup
40     // RED LED
41     P1DIR |= BIT0;
42     P1OUT |= BIT0;
43
44
45     // Disable the GPIO power-on default high-impedance mode to activate
46     // previously configured port settings
47     PM5CTL0 &= ~LOCKLPM5;
48
```

1

2

3

- 1 Stop watchdog timer
- 2 Configure GPIO Setup
- 3 Disable the GPIO power-on default
- 4 Clock System Setup
- 5 set BAUD rate
- 6 Timer0_A3 Setup
- 7 Go to sleep
- 8 Timer A0 ISR: print alphabet 10 /second
- 9 putchar: output single char

// Stop watchdog timer

// Set P1.0 as output
// P1.0 high

// Disable the GPIO power-on default high-impedance mode to activate
// previously configured port settings

```

49
50 // Clock System Setup  ACLK = 32786, MCLK = SMCLK = 1MHz
51 __bis_SR_register(SCG0); // disable FLL
52 CSCTL3 |= SELREF__REFOCLK; // Set REF0CLK as FLL reference source
53 CSCTL0 = 0; // clear DCO and MOD registers
54 CSCTL1 &= ~(DCORSEL_7); // Clear DCO frequency select bits first
55 CSCTL1 |= DCORSEL_3; // Set DCOCLK = 8MHz
56 CSCTL2 = FLLD_1 + 121; // FLLD = 1, DCODIV = 4MHz
57 __delay_cycles(3);
58 __bic_SR_register(SCG0); // enable FLL
59 while(CSCTL7 & (FLLUNLOCK0 | FLLUNLOCK1)); // Poll until FLL is locked
60 CSCTL4 = SELMS__DCOCLKDIV | SELA__XT1CLK; // set ACLK = XT1 = 32768Hz, DCOCLK as MCLK and SMCLK source
61 CSCTL5 |= DIVM1; // SMCLK = MCLK = DCODIV/2 = 1MHz, by default
62
63
5 64 UARTSetup(); // set BAUD rate
65
66
67 // Timer0_A3 Setup  ISR 10/second:
68 TA0CTL0 |= CCIE; // TACCR0 interrupt enabled
69 TA0EX0 |= TAIDEX_3; // SMCLK/8/4 = 31250 Hz
70 TA0CCR0 = 3125; // 10 per second
71 TA0CTL = TASSEL_2 | MC_1 | ID_3; // SMCLK/8 = 125K , UP mode
72
73 // Go to sleep
74 __bis_SR_register(LPM0_bits | GIE);
75
76 }

```

ASCII Table

8

```
77
78 // Timer A0 interrupt service routine
79 #pragma vector = TIMER0_A0_VECTOR
80 __interrupt void Timer_A (void)
81 {
82     P1OUT ^= BIT0;
83     // print ASCII alphabet 10 char/second
84     if(timerValue>=0x7B)
85     {
86         timerValue=0x41;
87         putchar(0x0D); //CR
88         putchar(0x0A); //LF
89     }
90     putchar((int)timerValue++);
91
92
93 }
94
```

| Decimal | Hex | Char | Decimal | Hex | Char |
|---------|-----|------|---------|-----|-------|
| 64 | 40 | @ | 96 | 60 | ` |
| 65 | 41 | A | 97 | 61 | a |
| 66 | 42 | B | 98 | 62 | b |
| 67 | 43 | C | 99 | 63 | c |
| 68 | 44 | D | 100 | 64 | d |
| 69 | 45 | E | 101 | 65 | e |
| 70 | 46 | F | 102 | 66 | f |
| 71 | 47 | G | 103 | 67 | g |
| 72 | 48 | H | 104 | 68 | h |
| 73 | 49 | I | 105 | 69 | i |
| 74 | 4A | J | 106 | 6A | j |
| 75 | 4B | K | 107 | 6B | k |
| 76 | 4C | L | 108 | 6C | l |
| 77 | 4D | M | 109 | 6D | m |
| 78 | 4E | N | 110 | 6E | n |
| 79 | 4F | O | 111 | 6F | o |
| 80 | 50 | P | 112 | 70 | p |
| 81 | 51 | Q | 113 | 71 | q |
| 82 | 52 | R | 114 | 72 | r |
| 83 | 53 | S | 115 | 73 | s |
| 84 | 54 | T | 116 | 74 | t |
| 85 | 55 | U | 117 | 75 | u |
| 86 | 56 | V | 118 | 76 | v |
| 87 | 57 | W | 119 | 77 | w |
| 88 | 58 | X | 120 | 78 | x |
| 89 | 59 | Y | 121 | 79 | y |
| 90 | 5A | Z | 122 | 7A | z |
| 91 | 5B | [| 123 | 7B | { |
| 92 | 5C | \ | 124 | 7C | |
| 93 | 5D |] | 125 | 7D | } |
| 94 | 5E | ^ | 126 | 7E | ~ |
| 95 | 5F | _ | 127 | 7F | [DEL] |

5

```
95
96 void UARTSetup (void)
97 {
98     // Configure UART pins
99     P1SEL0 |= BIT4 | BIT5;                // set 2-UART pin as second function
100    // Configure UART
101    UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSWRST;                  // reset UART
102    UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSSEL__SMCLK;           // use SMCLK input
103    UCA0BR0 = 104;                         // 1MHz SMCLK/9600 BAUD
104    UCA0MCTLW = 0x1100; //                // remainder of Baud Rate
105    UCA0CTLW0 &= ~UCSWRST;
106 }
107
108 int putchar(int TxByte)
109 {
110     while(!(UCA0IFG&UCTXIFG));
111     UCA0TXBUF = TxByte;
112     return 1;
113 }
114
```

9

RT_ADC2 – Print fixed string 10/second with TXISR

SetUp:

GPIO - Enable RED LED

Clock System – MCLK & SMCLK = 1 MHz

Timer0 - CCR0 set to 10/second

UART Setup – 9600 Baud, No Parity, 1 Stop Bit

Loop: Sleep - Interrupt Enable, Low Power Mode 0

Timer0_A0_Interrupt:

Toggle RED LED

UARTPutString – Send whole string to TX

UARTPutString:

TxPtr = String Location

Load first TX char and TXIE

USCI_A0_ISR:

IF(TxPtr points to EOS) Turn TXIE off

ELSE Output TX char and Increment TxPtr

RT_ADC2

- 1 Stop watchdog timer
- 2 Configure GPIO Setup
- 3 Disable the GPIO power-on default
- 4 Clock System Setup
- 5 set BAUD rate
- 6 Timer0_A3 Setup: 10/sec
- 7 Go to sleep
- 8 Timer A0 ISR: Start string print
- 9 USCI_A0_ISR: If EOS, Turn off TXIE
else, output next char
- 10 Load Char & Set TXIE

```
28 // sketch_RT_ADC2.ino
29 //*****
30 #include <msp430.h>
31
32 void UARTPutString(const char* strptr); // begin output of
33 void UARTSetup (void);
34
35 const char* TxPtr ;
36
37 int main(void)
38 {
39     WDTCTL = WDTPW | WDTHOLD; // Stop watchdog timer
40
41     // Configure GPIO Setup
42     // RED LED
43     P1DIR |= BIT0; // Set P1.0 as output
44     P1OUT |= BIT0; // P1.0 high
45
46
47     // Disable the GPIO power-on default high-impedance mode to activate
48     // previously configured port settings
49     PM5CTL0 &= ~LOCKLPM5;
50
51
```

1

2

3

```

51
52 // Clock System Setup ACLK = 32786, MCLK = SMCLK = 1MHz
53 __bis_SR_register(SCG0); // disable FLL
54 CSCTL3 |= SELREF__REFOCLK; // Set REFOCLK as FLL reference source
55 CSCTL0 = 0; // clear DCO and MOD registers
56 CSCTL1 &= ~(DCORSEL_7); // Clear DCO frequency select bits first
57 CSCTL1 |= DCORSEL_3; // Set DCOCLK = 8MHz
58 CSCTL2 = FLLD_1 + 121; // FLLD = 1, DCODIV = 4MHz
59 __delay_cycles(3);
60 __bic_SR_register(SCG0); // enable FLL
61 while(CSCTL7 & (FLLUNLOCK0 | FLLUNLOCK1)); // Poll until FLL is locked
62 CSCTL4 = SELMS__DCOCLKDIV | SELA__XT1CLK; // set ACLK = XT1 = 32768Hz, DCOCLK as MCLK and SMCLK source
63 CSCTL5 |= DIVM1; // SMCLK = MCLK = DCODIV/2 = 1MHz, by default
64
65
66 UARTSetup(); // set BAUD rate
67
68
69 // Timer0_A3 Setup ISR 10/second:
70 TA0CCTL0 |= CCIE; // TACCR0 interrupt enabled
71 TA0EX0 |= TAIDEX_3; // SMCLK/8/4 = 31250 Hz
72 TA0CCR0 = 3125; // 10 per second
73 TA0CTL = TASSEL_2 | MC_1 | ID_3; // SMCLK/8 = 125K , UP mode
74
75 // Go to Standby
76 __bis_SR_register(LPM0_bits | GIE);
77
78 }

```

8

```
79
80 // Timer A0 interrupt service routine
81 #pragma vector = TIMERO_A0_VECTOR
82 __interrupt void Timer_A (void)
83 {
84     P1OUT ^= BIT0;
85     // print ASCII 10 strings / second
86     UARTPutString("This is the test string\n"); // begin output of string
87 }
88
--
```

9

```
89
90 #pragma vector=USCI_A0_VECTOR
91 _interrupt void USCI_A0_ISR(void)
92 {
93     switch(UCA0IV)
94     {
95         case USCI_NONE: break;
96         case USCI_UART_UCRXIFG:
97             while(!(UCA0IFG&UCTXIFG));
98             UCA0TXBUF = UCA0RXBUF;
99             __no_operation();
100            break;
101            case USCI_UART_UCTXIFG:
102                // load char value
103                // unsigned char testVal=*TxPtr++;
104                if(!(*TxPtr)) // if zero, then stop
105                {
106                    UCA0IE &= ~UCTXIE; // turn off interrupt
107                }
108                else
109                {
110                    UCA0TXBUF = *TxPtr++ ;
111                }
112                break;
113            case USCI_UART_UCSTTIFG: break;
114            case USCI_UART_UCTXCPRTIFG: break;
115            default: break;
116        }
117    }
118
```

Stop – End of String

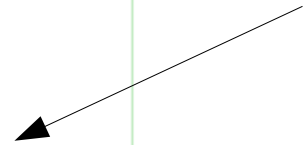


5

```
118
119 void UARTSetup (void)
120 {
121     // Configure UART pins
122     P1SEL0 |= BIT4 | BIT5; // set 2-UART pin as second function
123     // Configure UART
124     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSWRST; // reset UART
125     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSSEL__SMCLK; // use SMCLK input
126     UCA0BR0 = 104; // 1MHz SMCLK/9600 BAUD
127     UCA0MCTLW = 0x1100; // remainder of Baud Rate
128     UCA0CTLW0 &= ~UCSWRST;
129
130     //UCA0IE |= UCRXIE; // Enable USCI_A0 RX interrupt
131 }
132
133 void UARTPutString(const char* strptr) // begin output of string
134 {
135     // load TxBuf with first char then enable interrupt
136     TxPtr = strptr;
137     UCA0TXBUF = *TxPtr++; //load first, assume at least one char in buffer
138     UCA0IE |= UCTXIE; // interrupt when transmitted - ISR turns off when done
139 }
140
141
```

10

Start



RT_ADC3 – Sprint create string Values 10/second

SetUp:

GPIO - Enable RED LED

Clock System – MCLK & SMCLK = 1 MHz

Timer0 - CCR0 set to 10/second

UART Setup – 9600 Baud, No Parity, 1 Stop Bit

Loop: Sleep - Interrupt Enable, Low Power Mode 0

Timer0_A0_Interrupt:

Toggle RED LED

Sprintf OutStr & Count value

UARTPutString – Send whole string to TX

UARTPutString:

TxPtr = String Location

Load first TX char and TXIE

USCI_A0_ISR:

IF(TxPtr points to EOS) Turn TXIE off

ELSE Output TX char and Increment TxPtr

```

27 //
28 // Working & Energia - H Watson 20180731
29 //
30 // sketch_RT_ADC3.ino
31 //*****:
32 #include <msp430.h>
33
34 void UARTPutString(const char* strptr); // begin output of s
35 void UARTSetup (void);
36
37 const char* TxPtr ;
38 char OutStr[50]; // buffer to hold output string
39 unsigned char Count;
40
41 int main(void)
42 {
43     WDTCTL = WDTPW | WDTHOLD; // Stop
44
45     // Configure GPIO Setup
46     // RED LED
47     P1DIR |= BIT0; // Set P1.0 as output
48     P1OUT |= BIT0; // P1.0 high
49
50
51     // Disable the GPIO power-on default high-impedance mode to activate
52     // previously configured port settings
53     PM5CTL0 &= ~LOCKLPM5;
54

```

1

2

3

- 1 Stop watchdog timer
- 2 Configure GPIO Setup
- 3 Disable the GPIO power-on default
- 4 Clock System Setup
- 5 set BAUD rate
- 6 Timer0_A3 Setup: 10/sec
- 7 Go to sleep
- 8 Timer A0 ISR: Sprintf to OutStr
Start string print
- 9 USCI_A0_ISR: If EOS, Turn off TXIE
else, output next char
- 10 Load Char & Set TXIE

4

```
55
56 // Clock System Setup ACLK = 32786, MCLK = SMCLK = 1MHz
57 __bis_SR_register(SCG0); // disable FLL
58 CSCTL3 |= SELREF__REFOCLK; // Set REFOCLK as FLL reference source
59 CSCTL0 = 0; // clear DCO and MOD registers
60 CSCTL1 &= ~(DCORSEL_7); // Clear DCO frequency select bits first
61 CSCTL1 |= DCORSEL_3; // Set DCOCLK = 8MHz
62 CSCTL2 = FLLD_1 + 121; // FLLD = 1, DCO DIV = 4MHz
63 __delay_cycles(3);
64 __bic_SR_register(SCG0); // enable FLL
65 while(CSCTL7 & (FLLUNLOCK0 | FLLUNLOCK1)); // Poll until FLL is locked
66 CSCTL4 = SELMS__DCOCLKDIV | SELA__XT1CLK; // set ACLK = XT1 = 32768Hz, DCOCLK as MCLK and SMCLK source
67 CSCTL5 |= DIVM1; // SMCLK = MCLK = DCO DIV/2 = 1MHz, by default
```

5

```
70 UARTSetup(); // set BAUD rate
```

6

```
71
72
73 // Timer0_A3 Setup ISR 10/second:
74 TA0CTL0 |= CCIE; // TACCR0 interrupt enabled
75 TA0EX0 |= TAIDEX_3; // SMCLK/8/4 = 31250 Hz
76 TA0CCR0 = 3125; // 10 per second
77 TA0CTL = TASSEL_2 | MC_1 | ID_3; // SMCLK/8 = 125K , UP mode
```

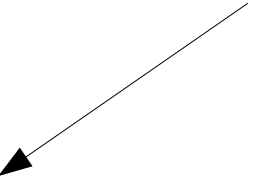
7

```
79 // go to Standby
80 __bis_SR_register(LPM0_bits | GIE);
```

```
81
82 }
83
```


8

```
83
84 // Timer A0 interrupt service routine
85 #pragma vector = TIMER0_A0_VECTOR
86 __interrupt void Timer_A (void)
87 {
88     P1OUT ^= BIT0;
89     // print ASCII alphabet 10 char/second
90     if(!(UCA0IE & UCTXIE))
91     { // if flag is clear, means last string output is done
92         sprintf(OutStr,"The value of Count is %d \n",Count++);
93         UARTPutString(OutStr); // begin output of string
94     }
95 }
96
```



9

```
97
98 #pragma vector=USCI_A0_VECTOR
99 __interrupt void USCI_A0_ISR(void)
100 {
101     switch(UCA0IV)
102     {
103         case USCI_NONE: break;
104         case USCI_UART_UCRXIFG:
105             while(!(UCA0IFG&UCTXIFG));
106             UCA0TXBUF = UCA0RXBUF;
107             __no_operation();
108             break;
109         case USCI_UART_UCTXIFG:
110             // load char value
111             // unsigned char testVal=*TxPtr++;
112             if(!(*TxPtr)) // if zero, then stop
113             {
114                 UCA0IE &= ~UCTXIE; // turn off interrupt
115             }
116             else
117             {
118                 UCA0TXBUF = *TxPtr++ ;
119             }
120             break;
121         case USCI_UART_UCSTTIFG: break;
122         case USCI_UART_UCTXCPITIFG: break;
123         default: break;
124     }
125 }
```

5

```
126
127 void UARTSetup (void)
128 {
129     // Configure UART pins
130     P1SEL0 |= BIT4 | BIT5; // set 2-UART pin as second function
131     // Configure UART
132     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSWRST; // reset UART
133     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSSEL__SMCLK; // use SMCLK input
134     UCA0BR0 = 104; // 1MHz SMCLK/9600 BAUD
135     UCA0MCTLW = 0x1100; // remainder of Baud Rate
136     UCA0CTLW0 &= ~UCSWRST;
137
138     //UCA0IE |= UCRXIE; // Enable USCI_A0 RX interrupt
139 }
140
141 void UARTPutString(const char* strptr) // begin output of string
142 {
143     // load TxBuf with first char then enable interrupt
144     TxPtr = strptr;
145     UCA0TXBUF = *TxPtr++; //load first, assume at least one char in buffer
146     UCA0IE |= UCTXIE; // interrupt when transmitted - ISR turns off when done
147 }
148
```

9

RT_ADC4 – Sprint ADC Values 10/second

SetUp:

GPIO - Enable RED LED

Clock System – MCLK & SMCLK = 1 MHz

ADC Setup – 10 Bits, CH1, Interrupt when complete

Timer0 - CCR0 set to 10/second

UART Setup – 9600 Baud, No Parity, 1 Stop Bit

Loop: Sleep - Interrupt Enable, Low Power Mode 0

Timer0_A0_Interrupt:

Toggle RED LED

Start ADC Conversion

ADC_ISR:

Sprintf OutStr of ADC_Result

UARTPutString – TX whole string

UARTPutString:

TxPtr = String Location

Load first TX char and TXIE

USCI_A0_ISR:

IF(TxPtr points to EOS) Turn TXIE off

ELSE Output TX char and Increment TxPtr

RT_ADC4

```
33 // sketch_RT_ADC4.ino
34 //*****
35 #include <msp430.h>
36
37 void UARTPutString(const char* strptr); // begi
38 void UARTSetup (void);
39
40 const char* TxPtr ;
41 char OutStr[50]; // buffer to hold output stri
42 int ADC_Result;
43
44
45 int main(void)
46 {
47     WDTCTL = WDTPW | WDTHOLD;
48
49     // Configure GPIO Setup
50     // RED LED
51     P1DIR |= BIT0;
52     P1OUT |= BIT0;
53
54
55     // Disable the GPIO power-on default high-impedance mode to activate
56     // previously configured port settings
57     PM5CTL0 &= ~LOCKLPM5;
58
```

- 1 Stop watchdog timer
- 2 Configure GPIO Setup
- 3 Disable the GPIO power-on default
- 4 Clock System Setup
- 5 set BAUD rate
- 6 ADC setup: CH1 & ADCIE
- 7 Timer0_A3 Setup: 10/sec
- 8 Go to sleep
- 9 Timer A0 ISR: Begin conversion
- 10 USCI_A0_ISR: If EOS, Turn off TXIE
else, output next char
- 11 ADC ISR: Sprintf ADC_RESULT UARTPutString
- 12 UARTPutString: Load Char & Set TXIE

1

2

3

4

```
59
60 // Clock System Setup ACLK = 32786, MCLK = SMCLK = 1MHz
61 __bis_SR_register(SCG0); // disable FLL
62 CSCTL3 |= SELREF__REF0CLK; // Set REF0CLK as FLL reference source
63 CSCTL0 = 0; // clear DCO and MOD registers
64 CSCTL1 &= ~(DCORSEL_7); // Clear DCO frequency select bits first
65 CSCTL1 |= DCORSEL_3; // Set DCOCLK = 8MHz
66 CSCTL2 = FLLD_1 + 121; // FLLD = 1, DCODIV = 4MHz
67 __delay_cycles(3);
68 __bic_SR_register(SCG0); // enable FLL
69 while(CSCTL7 & (FLLUNLOCK0 | FLLUNLOCK1)); // Poll until FLL is locked
70 CSCTL4 = SELMS__DCOCLKDIV | SELA__XT1CLK; // set ACLK = XT1 = 32768Hz, DCOCLK as source
71 CSCTL5 |= DIVM1; // SMCLK = MCLK = DCODIV/2 = 1MHz, by default
72
73
5 74 UARTSetup(); // set BAUD rate
75
76
```

5

6

```
76
77 // add ADC setup
78 // Configure ADC10
79 ADCCTL0 |= ADCSHT_2 | ADCON; // ADCON, S&H=16 ADC clks
80 ADCCTL1 |= ADCSHP; // ADCCLK = MODOSC; sampling timer
81 ADCCTL2 |= ADCRES; // 10-bit conversion results
82 ADCMCTL0 |= ADCINCH_1; // A1 ADC input select; Vref=AVCC
83 ADCIE |= ADCIE0; // Enable ADC conv complete interrupt
84
```

7

```
85 // Timer0_A3 Setup ISR 10/second:
86 TA0CTL0 |= CCIE; // TACCR0 interrupt enabled
87 TA0EX0 |= TAIDEX_3; // SMCLK/8/4 = 31250 Hz
88 TA0CCR0 = 3125; // 10 per second
89 TA0CTL = TASSEL_2 | MC_1 | ID_3; // SMCLK/8 = 125K , UP mode
90
```

8

```
91 // go to Standby
92 __bis_SR_register(LPM0_bits | GIE);
93
94 }
```

9

```
95
96 // Timer A0 interrupt service routine
97 #pragma vector = TIMER0_A0_VECTOR
98 __interrupt void Timer_A (void)
99 {
100 P1OUT ^= BIT0;
101 // begin conversion
102 ADCCTL0 |= ADCENC | ADCSC; // Sampling and conversion start
103
104 }
105
```

10

```
105
106 #pragma vector=USCI_A0_VECTOR
107 __interrupt void USCI_A0_ISR(void)
108 {
109     switch(UCA0IV)
110     {
111         case USCI_NONE: break;
112         case USCI_UART_UCRXIFG:
113             while(!(UCA0IFG&UCTXIFG));
114             UCA0TXBUF = UCA0RXBUF;
115             __no_operation();
116             break;
117         case USCI_UART_UCTXIFG:
118             // load char value
119             // unsigned char testVal=*TxPtr++;
120             if(!(*TxPtr)) // if zero, then stop
121             {
122                 UCA0IE &= ~UCTXIE; // turn off interrupt
123             }
124             else
125             {
126                 UCA0TXBUF = *TxPtr++ ;
127             }
128             break;
129         case USCI_UART_UCSTTIFG: break;
130         case USCI_UART_UCTXCPITIFG: break;
131         default: break;
132     }
133 }
```


11

```
134
135 // ADC interrupt service routine
136 #pragma vector=ADC_VECTOR
137 __interrupt void ADC_ISR(void)
138 {
139     switch(ADCIV)
140     {
141         case ADCIV_NONE:
142             break;
143         case ADCIV_ADCAOVIFG:
144             break;
145         case ADCIV_ADCTOVIFG:
146             break;
147         case ADCIV_ADCHIIIFG:
148             break;
149         case ADCIV_ADCLOIFG:
150             break;
151         case ADCIV_ADCINIFG:
152             break;
153         case ADCIV_ADCIFG:
154             ADC_Result = ADCMEM0;
155             // last string has to be complete or trouble here - no blocking allowed
156             // worst case, will overwrite part of string being output
157             sprintf(OutStr,"%d\n",ADC_Result);
158             UARTPutString(OutStr); // begin output of string
159
160
161             //_bic_SR_register_on_exit(LPM0_bits);           // Clear CPUOFF bit from LPM0
162             break;
163         default:
164             break;
165     }
166 }
```

End of Conversion



5

```
170
171 void UARTSetup (void)
172 {
173     // Configure UART pins
174     P1SEL0 |= BIT4 | BIT5;           // set 2-UART pin as second function
175     // Configure UART
176     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSWRST;           // reset UART
177     UCA0CTLW0 |= UCSSEL__SMCLK;     // use SMCLK input
178     UCA0BR0 = 104;                  // 1MHz SMCLK/9600 BAUD
179     UCA0MCTLW = 0x1100; //         // remainder of Baud Rate
180     UCA0CTLW0 &= ~UCSWRST;
181
182     //UCA0IE |= UCRXIE;             // Enable USCI_A0 RX interrupt
183 }
184
185 void UARTPutString(const char* strptr) // begin output of string
186 {
187     // load TxBuf with first char then enable interrupt
188     TxPtr = strptr;
189     UCA0TXBUF = *TxPtr++; //load first, assume at least one char in buffer
190     UCA0IE |= UCTXIE; // interrupt when transmitted - ISR turns off when done
191 }
192
```

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