

```
/* Demonstrates using arrays of structures. */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
/* Define a structure to hold entries. */
```

```
struct entry {  
    char fname[20];  
    char lname[20];  
    char phone[10];  
};
```

```
/* Declare an array of structures. */
```

```
struct entry list[4];
```

```
int i;
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    /* Loop to input data for four people. */
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i++)  
    {  
        printf("\nEnter first name: ");  
        scanf("%s", list[i].fname);  
        printf("Enter last name: ");  
        scanf("%s", list[i].lname);  
        printf("Enter phone in 123-4567 format: ");  
        scanf("%s", list[i].phone);  
    }
```

```
    /* Print two blank lines. */
```

```
    printf("\n\n");
```

```
    /* Loop to display data. */
```

```
    for (i = 0; i < 4; i++)  
    {  
        printf("Name: %s %s", list[i].fname, list[i].lname);  
        printf("\t\tPhone: %s\n", list[i].phone);  
    }
```

```
}
```

```
/* Demonstrates stepping through an array of structures */
/* using pointer notation. */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#define MAX 4
```

```
/* Define a structure, then declare and initialize */
/* an array of 4 structures. */
```

```
struct part {
    int number;
    char name[10];
};
```

```
/* Declare a pointer to type part, and a counter variable. */
```

```
struct part data[MAX] =
{
    {1, "Smith"},
    {2, "Jones"},
    {3, "Adams"},
    {4, "Wilson"}
};
```

```
/* Declare a pointer to type part, and a counter variable. */
```

```
struct part *p_part;
int count;
```

```
int main(void)
{
```

```
    /* Initialize the pointer to the first array element. */
```

```
    p_part = data;
```

```
    /* Loop through the array, incrementing the pointer */
    /* with each iteration. */
```

```
    for (count = 0; count < MAX; count++)
    {
        printf("\nAt address %p: %d %s", p_part, p_part->number,
            p_part->name);
        p_part++;
    }
```

```
}
```

```
/* Demonstrates structures that contain other structures.
*/

/* Receives input for corner coordinates of a rectangle and
calculates the area. Assumes that the y coordinate of the
upper-left corner is greater than the y coordinate of the
lower-right corner, that the x coordinate of the lower-
right corner is greater than the x coordinate of the upper-
left corner, and that all coordinates are positive. */
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int length, width;
long area;
```

```
struct coord{
    int x;
    int y;
};
```

```
struct rectangle{
    struct coord *topleft;
    struct coord *bottomrt;
};
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
    // create the object
    rectangle *mybox = new rectangle;

    mybox->topleft = new coord;
    mybox->bottomrt = new coord;
```

```
/* Input the coordinates */
```

```
printf("\nEnter the top left x coordinate: ");
scanf("%d", &mybox->topleft->x);
```

```
printf("\nEnter the top left y coordinate: ");
scanf("%d", &mybox->topleft->y);
```

```
printf("\nEnter the bottom right x coordinate: ");
scanf("%d", &mybox->bottomrt->x);
```

```
printf("\nEnter the bottom right y coordinate: ");
scanf("%d", &mybox->bottomrt->y);
```

```
/* Calculate the length and width */
```

```
width = mybox->bottomrt->x - mybox->topleft->x;
length = mybox->bottomrt->y - mybox->topleft->y;
```

```
/* Calculate and display the area */
```

```
area = width * length;
printf("The area is %ld units.", area);
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```